

#### Perfect Patient Profiles in SAS® using ODS Statistical Graphics

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### Overview

- Introduction
  - What are Patient Profiles
  - Design Objectives
- Programming Framework
  - Loading the Data
  - Setting up the Subject List
  - Building the Outputs
- Additional Features
- Conclusion



#### Introduction

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#### What are Patient Profiles?

- Individual reports for each subject in a clinical study
- Contain all data collected, or a specific subset
- Typically raw data no summary, derivations or analysis
- Used for data cleaning and study monitoring

### Design Objectives

- Input: SDTM data sets
- Output: One PDF file per subject
- Can be rerun iteratively as data is collected
- No hard-coding subject numbers must be dynamic!
- Include both tabular and graphical output
- Provide output data sets for independent QC
- Use color coding to highlight changes since prior run

Page 1 of 2	
Date: 2014-01-02	
Visit: WEEK 26	

		<i>Visit: WEEK 26</i>
Demographics		

Demographics									
Country	Age (y)	Sex	Race	Ethnicity	Planned Arm	Actual Arm			
USA	63	F	WHITE	HISPANIC OR LATINO	Placebo	Placebo			

Subject	Subject Visits					
Visit	Visit Day	Visit Date				
SCREENING 1	-7	2013-12-26				
SCREENING 2	-1	2013-12-31				
BASELINE	1	2014-01-02				
AMBUL ECG PLACEMENT	13	2014-01-14				
WEEK 2	14	2014-01-16				
WEEK 4	28	2014-01-30				
AMBUL ECG REMOVAL	30	2014-02-01				
WEEK 6	42	2014-02-12				
WEEK 8	56	2014-03-05				
WEEK 12	84	2014-03-26				
WEEK 14 (T)	98	2014-04-09				
WEEK 16	112	2014-05-07				
WEEK 20	140	2014-05-21				
WEEK 22 (T)	154	2014-06-04				
WEEK 24	168	2014-06-18				
WEEK 26	182	2014-07-02				

Study: CDISCPILOT01 Subject: 01-701-1015 (1015) Status: COMPLETED

WEEK 24	100	2014-00-1	10							
WEEK 26	182	2014-07-0	02							
				Adverse	e Events					<u>۱</u>
Sponsor Defined Identifier and Verbatim Term	Start Date (Day)	End Date (Day)	Ser- ious?	Dur- ation (days)	Sever- ity	Relation- ship	Outcome	Action Taken	Treatment Emergent?	
E06: DIARRHOEA	2014-01-09 (8)	2014-01-11 (10)	No	3	Mild	Remote	Recovered/Resolved		Yes	k
E07: APPLICATION SITE ERYTHEMA	2014-01-03 (2)		No	•	Mild	Probable	Not Recovered/Not Resolved		Yes	L
E08: APPLICATION SITE PRURITUS	2014-01-03 (2)		No	•	Mild	Probable	Not Recovered/Not Resolved		Yes	J
										<b>7</b>

Orange row is new data since the prior run. Yellow cells have changed since the prior run. Basic subject information in titles

Key variables from Demographics domain

#### List of subject visits and dates

Detail report of adverse events

Subject: 01-701-1015 (1015) *First Dose Date: 2014-01-02* Status: COMPLETED Current Visit: WEEK 26 Vital Signs Vital Sign Parameter SCR1 SCR2 BSLN ECPL WK02 WK04 ECRM WK06 WK08 Diastolic BP (mmHg) 57 71 54 61 65 53 53 60 71 Vital signs in tabular format: Pulse Rate (BEATS/MIN) 65 57 59 61 62 59 65 57 57 Systolic BP (mmHg) 147 145 131 146 132 132 123 138 140 Temperature (C) 36.1 36.1 36.2 35.9 36.5 36.1 36.4 36.3 36.7 One row per parameter, 54 54.4 54 53.1 53.1 Weight (kg) 53.1 Vital Signs Visits transposed to columns WK12 WK16 WK20 WK24 WK26 64 66 63 71 55 52 61 58 56 59 138 152 136 137 129 36.3 36.6 36.3 36.5 36.2 53.1 53.1 53.1 53.1 53.5 Treatmen 75 70 65 60 55 50 65.0 62.5 60.0 · 57.5 55.0 52.5 50.0 Treatmen 160 Vital signs in graphical format: 150 140 One panel per parameter, 130. 120 37.00 Visits across X axis 36.75 36.50 36.25 36.00 35.75 54.50 54.25 Screening Treatme 54.00 53.75 53.50 53.25 53.00 SCR1 BSLN WK02 ECRM WK08 WK14 WK20 WK24 SCR2 ECPL WK04 WK06 WK12 WK16 WK22 WK26 Visit

Study: CDISCPILOT01

Page 2 of 2

#### This programming framework allows you to:

- Customize titles and footnotes per subject
- Include desired data elements in any order
- Paginate as desired
- Mix both tabular and graphical output
- Customize colors, fonts, borders, etc. using ODS
- Present data both:
  - Vertically list individual records (adverse events, medical history, etc.)
  - Horizontally transposed by visit (labs, vital signs, ECGs, etc.)

Everything is done using the base SAS 9.4 product.



#### Loading the Data

# **Pharma Stat**

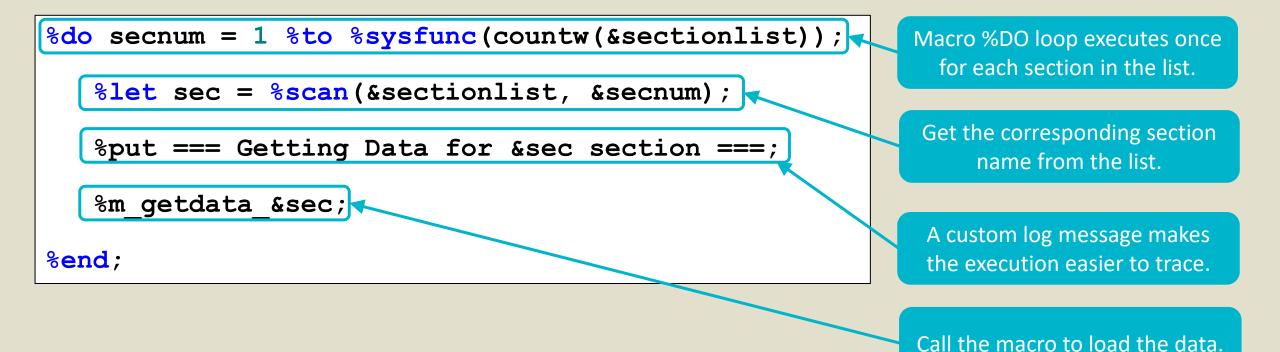
#### The Section List

 The list of SDTM domains to be included is stored in a macro variable:

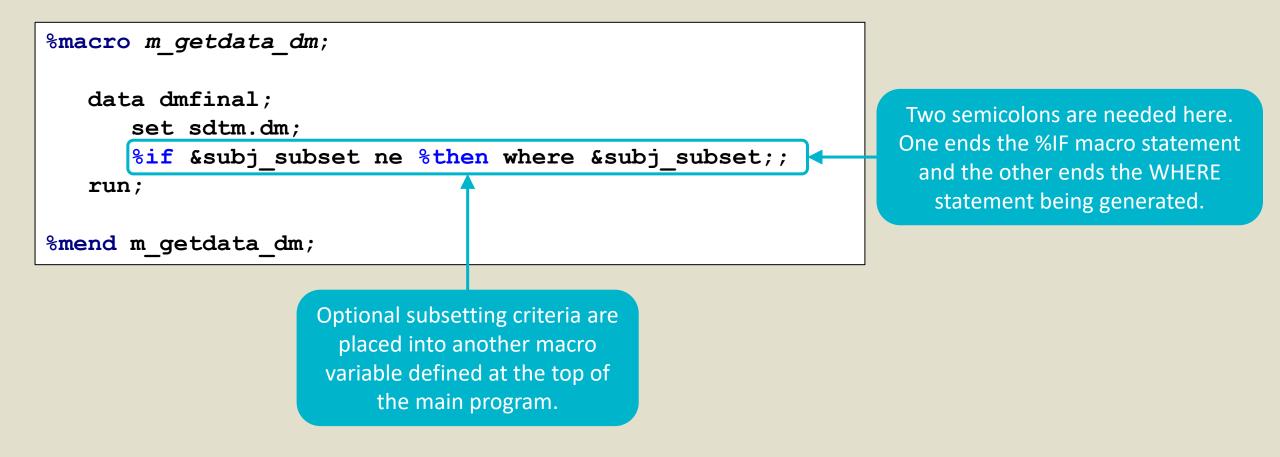
%let sectionlist = DM SV AE VS MH CM QS LB EG;

- These domains will appear in the output in the order listed.
- For each domain, we must create two macros:
   m\_getdata\_XX (to load the data and perform any manipulations)
   m\_printdata\_XX (to generate tabular and/or graphical output)
- Demographics (DM) must be included it is where we get the list of subjects (more on that later)

#### The Get Data Loop



#### A Simple Get Data Macro



#### A More Complex Get Data Macro

```
%macro m getdata ae;
 /* Omitted: code to merge SDTM.AE and SDTM.SUPPAE */
 data aefinal;
   set aemerge;
   %if &subj subset ne %then where &subj subset;;
   length aeterm $200 aestart aeend $20 aeser $3 aesev $8 aerel $8
          aeout $200 aeacn $30 aetrtem $3;
   aeterm = catx(': ', AESPID, AETERM);
   aestart = catx(' ', AESTDTC, ifc(AESTDY, cats('(', AESTDY, ')'), ''));
   aeend = catx(' ', AEENDTC, ifc(AEENDY, cats('(', AEENDY, ')'), ''));
   aeser = put(AESER, $yn.);
   _aesev = propcase(AESEV);
   aerel = propcase(AEREL);
                                                      Custom variables are created
   aeout = propcase(AEOUT);
                                                       to display data as desired.
   aeacn = propcase(AEACN);
   aetrtem = put(AETRTEM, $yn.);
   if not nmiss(AESTDY, AEENDY) then aedur = AEENDY - AESTDY + 1;
 run;
%mend m getdata ae;
```



#### Setting Up the Subject List

## **Pharma Stat**

#### Creating the Profile List Data Set

quit;

PROFILELIST data set contains one row per subject and includes subjectlevel fields that will appear in the profile header. These are typically things like treatment status, date of first dose, study status, date of last visit, etc.

#### Generating the Table of Contents

ods excel close;

Optionally, we can write the contents of the PROFILELIST data set to an external file to serve as a Table of Contents for our patient profiles.

#### patient\_profile\_master\_list\_16MAY2025.... • Last Modified: Fri at 3:48 PM 🗸

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#### A1 $\sim$ : $\times \checkmark f_x \sim$ Unique Subject ID

	А	В	С	D	E
1	Unique Subject IE	Subject ID	First Dose Date	Subject Status	Last Visit
2	01-701-1015	1015	2014-01-02	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
3	01-701-1023	1023	2012-08-05	ADVERSE EVENT	RETRIEVAL
4	01-701-1028	1028	2013-07-19	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
5	01-701-1033	1033	2014-03-18	STUDY TERMINATED BY SPONSOR	RETRIEVAL
6	01-701-1034	1034	2014-07-01	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
7	01-701-1047	1047	2013-02-12	ADVERSE EVENT	RETRIEVAL
8	01-701-1097	1097	2014-01-01	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
9	01-701-1111	1111	2012-09-07	ADVERSE EVENT	RETRIEVAL
10	01-701-1115	1115	2012-11-30	ADVERSE EVENT	RETRIEVAL
11	01-701-1118	1118	2014-03-12	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
12	01-701-1130	1130	2014-02-15	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
13	01-701-1133	1133	2012-10-28	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
14	01-701-1146	1146	2013-05-20	ADVERSE EVENT	AE FOLLOW-UP
15	01-701-1148	1148	2013-08-23	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
16	01-701-1153	1153	2013-09-23	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
17	01-701-1180	1180	2013-02-12	ADVERSE EVENT	AE FOLLOW-UP
18	01-701-1181	1181	2013-12-05	ADVERSE EVENT	RETRIEVAL
19	01-701-1188	1188	2013-02-15	ADVERSE EVENT	RETRIEVAL
20	01-701-1192	1192	2012-07-22	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
21	01-701-1203	1203	2013-02-02	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
22	01-701-1211	1211	2012-11-15	DEATH	WEEK 12
23	01-701-1234	1234	2013-03-30	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
24	01-701-1239	1239	2014-01-11	COMPLETED	WEEK 26
25	01-701-1275	1275	2014-02-07	WITHDRAWAL BY SUBJECT	WEEK 16
~~	< > Patient F	Profile List	+		

#### Profile list output as an Excel workbook

#### Building the Macro Variable Lists

	9	put user ;
<pre>proc sql noprint;</pre>		/
select distinct USUBJID, SUBJID	(	GLOBAL SUBJ1 1015
into :usubj1 - , :subj1 -	0	GLOBAL SUBJ2 1023
from profilelist	0	GLOBAL SUBJ3 1028
-	0	GLOBAL SUBJ4 1033
order by USUBJID;		
<pre>%let subjcount = &amp;sqlobs</pre>	0	GLOBAL SUBJCOUNT 254
quit;		
Yurc,	C	GLOBAL USUBJ1 01-701-1015
	G	GLOBAL USUBJ2 01-701-1023
	G	GLOBAL USUBJ3 01-701-1028
Create two series of macro variables:	C	GLOBAL USUBJ4 01-701-1033
USUBJ1, USUBJ2, contains USUBJID for eac	ject	
SUBJ1, SUBJ2, contains SUBJID for each s	ubjec	t



### Building the Outputs

# Pharma Stat

### The Print Data Loop (Slide 1 of 2)

%do i = 1 %to &subjcount;

The %DO macro loop executes once for each subject.

```
proc sql noprint;
select coalescec(firstdose, 'No Data'),
subjstatus, lastvis, visabbr
into
:firstdose, :subjstatus, :lastvis, :visabbr trimmed
from profilelist
where USUBJID = "&&usubj&i";
quit;
The beedeepeefection of the product of the pr
```

The header values for the current subject are placed into macro variables.

#### The Print Data Loop (Slide 2 of 2)

#### We're still inside the %DO loop!

```
ods pdf file = "&outpath\profile_&&subj&i.._&visabbr._&rundate..pdf"
    startpage=no nogtitle nogfootnote;
    Open a PDF for the
```

```
title1 j = 1 "Study: CDISCPILOT01"
    j = r "Subject: &&usubj&i (&&subj&i)";
/* Additional titles and footnotes as desired */
%do secnum = 1 %to %sysfunc(countw(&sectionlist));
%let sec = %scan(&sectionlist, &secnum);
%put === Printing Data for &sec for Subject &&usubj&i (&&subj&i) ===;
%m_printdata_&sec;
%end;
Inner%DO loop prints each
```

section of the report.

ods pdf close;

%end;

#### Vertical Tabular Output

```
%macro m printdata ae;
 proc sql noprint;
   select count(*) into :numaerecs from aefinal where USUBJID="&&usubj&i";
 quit;
                                  Only print this section of the report if
                                      the current subject has data!
 %if &numaerecs > 0 %then %do;
   proc report data=aefinal split='~' style(report)=[just=left];
     where USUBJID="&&usubj&i";
     columns AESPID ('Adverse Events' aeterm aedtc aestart aeend
        aeser aedur aesev aerel aeout aeacn aetrtem);
      /* DEFINE statements */
   run;
                                       PROC REPORT subsets for the
  %end;
                                        current subject and displays
%mend m printdata ae;
                                          the columns we choose.
```

#### Horizontal Tabular Output (Slide 1 of 2)

%macro m\_printdata\_vs;

/\* Omitted: code for selecting and formatting data \*/

```
%if &numvsrecs > 0 %then %do;
```

```
/* Omitted: sort data for transposing */
```

proc transpose data = vssubset out = vstrans(drop = \_:);

by VSTESTCD; var VSSTRESN;

id vislbl;

run;

Transpose visits to columns. VISLBL is a derived variable containing the desired column labels for each visit.

#### Horizontal Tabular Output (Slide 2 of 2)

```
proc sql noprint;
                                                            We don't want to
    select <u>distinct NAME</u>, input(NAME, visord.) as sort1
                                                           hardcode the visits,
      into :vitalsvislist separated by ' ', :dummy1
   from DICTIONARY COLUMNS
                                                            so we place the list
   where LIBNAME = 'WORK' and MEMNAME = 'VSTRANS' and
      /* Criteria for selecting visit columns */
                                                           of visits into a macro
     order by sort1, sort2,
   %let numvitalsvisits = &sqlobs;
                                                                  variable.
 quit;
 proc report data = vstrans split = '\' style(report) = [just = left];
   columns dummy ('Vital Signs' VSTESTCD &vitalsvislist);
    /* DEFINE statements */
  run;
%end;
                                      The list of visits could vary by
%mend m_printdata_vs;
```

subject or even by report section!

#### Graphical Output

```
proc sql noprint;
                                                          X axis range
  select min(xvar), max(xvar) into :xmin, :xmax
  from svfinal
  where VISITNUM = int(VISITNUM) and USUBJID = "&&usubj&i";
quit;
/* Omitted: code for removal of unscheduled visits and block rendering */
proc sqpanel noautolegend data = vsfigure dattrmap = vsattrmap;
  format xvar xvarfmt. VSTESTCD $vsfmt.;
  panelby VSTESTCD / onepanel uniscale = column novarname
                     layout = rowlattice headerattrs = (size = 8pt);
  block x = xvar block = blocklbl / /* Additional formatting options */;
  series x = xvar y = VSSTRESN / /* Additional formatting options */;
  rowaxis display = (nolabel) thresholdmax=1 thresholdmin=1 offsetmax=0.1;
  colaxis label = 'Visit' values = (&xmin to &xmax by 1) fitpolicy=staggerthin;
run;
```

Dynamically determine

SGPANEL creates a separate plot for each parameter.



#### Additional Features

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#### Creating Validation Data Sets (1 of 2)

 During the Get Data loop, we initialize an empty QC data set for each section of the report:

```
data PDATA.PP_&sec;
  length USUBJID $23;
  call missing(USUBJID);
  stop;
run;
```

#### Creating Validation Data Sets (2 of 2)

• We create an output data set from PROC REPORT each time it is called and append to the QC data set for that report section.

```
proc report data=aefinal split='~' style(report)=[just=left]
                  out=work.qc ae &i;
run;
data PDATA.PP AE;
  set PDATA.PP AE
      work.qc ae &i(in=currsubj where=( break =''));
  if currsubj then USUBJID="&&usubj&i";
 drop dummy break ;
run;
```

### Highlighting New/Changed Data

- To facilitate data review, changes and additions since the previous run can be highlighted in different colors
- During the Get Data loop, an additional macro is called that adds two variables to each data set:
  - newflag a 0 or 1 flag to indicate whether a record is new
  - modcols a list of variables that have different values from the prior run
- During the Print Data loop, additional logic is added to each PROC REPORT to modify the attributes based on these variables

#### Highlighting New/Changed Data

```
%macro m_add_update_vars(dsetin_curr=, dsetin_prev=, dsetout=,
  keyvarlist=, othvarlist= );
  /* Omitted: code to sort input data sets */
  data &dsetout;
    merge & prefix. curr ( in = incurr)
          & prefix. prev ( in = inprev keep = &keyvarlist &othvarlist rename = (
             %do i=1 %to %sysfunc(countw(&othvarlist, %str()));
                 %scan(&othvarlist,&_i) = _%scan(&othvarlist,& i) %end;));
   by &keyvarlist; if incurr;
   length modcols $200; call missing(modcols);
   if not(inprev) then newflag=1;
   else do;
      %do i=1 %to %sysfunc(countw(&othvarlist, %str()));
          if %scan(&othvarlist,&_i) ne _%scan(&othvarlist,&_i) then modcols =
            catx(' ',modcols,"%upcase(%scan(&othvarlist,& i))"); %end;
   end:
                            Merge together current and prior data sets, check for new
run;
%mend m add update vars;
                              records, and compare variables across existing records.
```

#### Highlighting New/Changed Data

```
proc report data=aefinal split='~' style(report)=[just=left] out=work.qc ae &i;
  where USUBJID="&&usubj&i";
  columns AESPID /* additional variables */
    %if %nrbquote(&highlight_updates)=Y %then newflag modcols;;
  /* DEFINE statements */
  %if %nrbquote(&highlight updates)
                                                          A global macro variable
    define newflag / display noprint;
                                                       HIGHLIGHT UPDATES is used to
    define modcols / display noprint;
                                                       turn the highlighting on or off.
  %end;
  compute aetrtem;
    %if %nrbquote(&highlight updates)=Y %then %do;
    if newflag=1 then call define( row , "style","style=[background=lightorange]");
      do i=1 to countw(modcols);
        call define(scan(modcols, i), "style", "style=[background=lightyellow]");
      end;
    %end;
                 When highlighting is enabled, the COLUMNS statement is modified
  endcomp;
                 and additional DEFINE statements and a COMPUTE block are added.
run;
```

### Adding PDF Bookmarks

PDF bookmarks make it easier to navigate the patient profile output, particularly when the report contains many sections.

🔎 pro	ofile_1118_WK26_16MAY2025.pdf - Adobe Acrobat Re	eader (64-bit)
File E	Edit View Sign Window Help	
Hom	ne Tools profile_1118_WK26 ×	
B	🛣 🕈 🖶 🔍 🕥 🕑	1 / 2 <b>(</b> ) (0.17%)
ß		Study: CDISCPILOT01 Subject: 01-701-1118 (1118)
		Status: COMPLETED
<b>ג</b>		Demographics
		Country         Age (y)         Sex         Race         Ethnicity         Plance           USA         52         M         WHITE         NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO
~	> Demographics	Subject Visits
Ø		Visit Visit Day Visit Date
	> Subject Visits	SCREENING 1 -7 2014-02-27
		SCREENING 2 -1 2014-03-10 BASELINE 1 2014-03-12
	> 🔪 Adverse Events	AMBUL ECG PLACEMENT 13 2014-03-25
		WEEK 2 14 2014-03-26
	> 🔪 Vital Signs Table	WEEK 4         28         2014-04-09           AMBUL ECG REMOVAL         30         2014-04-11
		WEEK 6 42 2014-04-23
	Vital Signs Figure	WEEK 8 56 2014-05-08
		WEEK 10 (T) 70 2014-05-21 WEEK 12 84 2014-06-05
		WEEK 12 84 2014-00-05 WEEK 14 (T) 98 2014-06-18
		WEEK 16 112 2014-07-02
		NUTER 10 CD 105 2014 07 16

### Adding PDF Bookmarks

- Getting the bookmarks just right requires a few adjustments:
  - On the ODS PDF statement, change the behavior with the PDFTOC=1 option.
  - Use ODS PROCLABEL to override the bookmark name for each PROC REPORT.
  - Use the CONTENTS=' ' option on PROC REPORT to suppress second level bookmarks
  - Use a BREAK statement with a dummy variable on each PROC REPORT to suppress third level bookmarks.

#### Page 1 of 2 First Dose Date: 2014-01-02 Current Visit: WEEK 26

	Demographics											
Country Age (y) Sex Race Ethnicity Planned Arm Actual Arm												
USA	63	F	WHITE	HISPANIC OR LATINO	Placebo	Placebo						

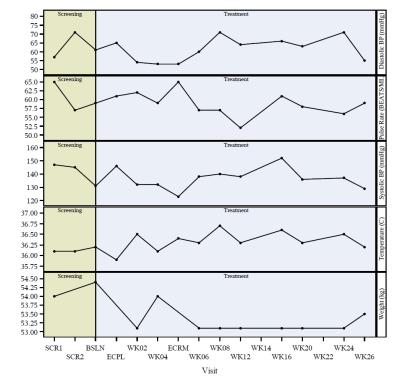
Subject Visits								
Visit	Visit Day	Visit Date						
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SCREENING 2	-1	2013-12-31						
BASELINE	1	2014-01-02						
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WEEK 2	14	2014-01-16						
WEEK 4	28	2014-01-30						
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WEEK 6	42	2014-02-12						
WEEK 8	56	2014-03-05						
WEEK 12	84	2014-03-26						
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Adverse Events												
Sponsor Defined Identifier and Verbatim Term	Start Date (Day)	End Date (Day)	Ser- ious?	Dur- ation (days)	Sever- ity	Relation- ship	Outcome	Action Taken	Treatment Emergent?			
E06: DIARRHOEA	2014-01-09 (8)	2014-01-11 (10)	No	3	Mild	Remote	Recovered/Resolved		Yes			
E07: APPLICATION SITE ERYTHEMA	2014-01-03 (2)		No		Mild	Probable	Not Recovered/Not Resolved		Yes			
E08: APPLICATION SITE PRURITUS	2014-01-03 (2)		No		Mild	Probable	Not Recovered/Not Resolved		Yes			

Study: CDISCPILOT01 Subject: 01-701-1015 (1015) Status: COMPLETED Page 2 of 2 First Dose Date: 2014-01-02 Current Visit: WEEK 26

Vital Signs													
Vital Sign Parameter	SCR1	SCR2	BSLN	ECPL	WK02	WK04	ECRM	WK06	WK08				
Diastolic BP (mmHg)	57	71	61	65	54	53	53	60	71				
Pulse Rate (BEATS/MIN)	65	57	59	61	62	59	65	57	57				
Systolic BP (mmHg)	147	145	131	146	132	132	123	138	140				
Temperature (C)	36.1	36.1	36.2	35.9	36.5	36.1	36.4	36.3	36.7				
Weight (kg)	54		54.4		53.1	54		53.1	53.1				

Vital Signs				
WK12	WK16	WK20	WK24	WK26
64	66	63	71	55
52	61	58	56	59
138	152	136	137	129
36.3	36.6	36.3	36.5	36.2
53.1	53.1	53.1	53.1	53.5





#### Conclusion

## **Pharma Stat**

### Summary

- Patient profiles are a useful tool for clinical data review and monitoring.
- The programming framework presented provides a flexible and customizable way to create highly customized patient profiles.
- The techniques used adapt to whatever subjects and visits appear in the data without the need for code modifications.

#### Possible Future Enhancements

- Use of a control file to specify:
  - Specify which subjects to include
  - Specify which data sections in include and their order
  - Allow for different sections to be specified for different subjects
  - Control grouping of parameters into pages

## Contact Information



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